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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/635,689	08/05/2003	Yoshinori Yasumoto	KASAP038	8351
22434	7590	08/17/2006	EXAMINER	
BEYER WEAVER & THOMAS, LLP P.O. BOX 70250 OAKLAND, CA 94612-0250			NGUYEN, XUAN LAN T	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3683	

DATE MAILED: 08/17/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/635,689

Applicant(s)

YASUMOTO ET AL.

Examiner

Lan Nguyen

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on ____.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) ____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) ____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 05 August 2003 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
- 1) ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - 2) ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. ____.
 - 3) ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ____. |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>8/5/03</u> | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: ____. |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 1, 2, 4-6 and 9 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by JP 4-46246 (from here on would be referred to as JP246).

Re: claims 1, 2, 4 and 7, JP246 shows a dynamic damper, in figures 3 and 4 as in the present invention, comprising: a mass member 3; a support frame member 6 fixable to a vibrative member 1, and including a substantially rectangular support frame portion surrounding said mass member with a given gap distance therebetween and having a pair of support sides opposed to each other in a first direction with said mass member disposed therebetween; and a plurality of elastic connecting members 5 disposed in spaces defined between said pair of support sides of said support frame portion and opposing end faces of said mass member, respectively and elastically connecting said mass member with respect to said pair of support sides of said support frame portion, wherein said support frame portion is deformed so that said pair of support sides are relatively displaced toward each other to pre-compress said plurality of elastic connecting members. Note the English explanation wherein it states that the projections 5 are held in contact with inner surface of the metallic case 6. This can only

be accomplished when the projections 5 are pre-compressed, otherwise they would be free to move about inside of housing 6. Note also that the term "deformed" has been interpreted broadly in that a deformation has occurred in order for housing 6 to assume the shape as illustrated in figure 3.

Re: claim 5, note that figures 1 and 3 of JP246 shows that the housing 6 could be completely surrounding the mass member 3 or housing 6 cooperates with another element 2 to surround mass 3.

Re: claim 6, JP246 shows the projections 5 as claimed. Note that claim 5 recites the term "adapted" to be fixed to a steering shaft. The damper of JP246 would be able to be "adapted" to be fixed to a steering shaft.

Re: claim 9, JP246 shows a method of producing a dynamic damper, as in the present invention, comprising the steps of: preparing a mass member 3; preparing a support frame member 6 fixable to a vibrative member 1 and including a substantially rectangular support frame portion having a pair of support sides opposed to each other in a first direction, as shown; disposing said support frame member with respect to said mass member such that said support frame portion surrounds said mass member with a given gap distance therebetween as shown, molding a plurality of elastic connecting members 5 in a vulcanization process such that said plurality of elastic connecting members are disposed in spaces defined between said pair of support sides of said support frame portion and opposing end faces of said mass member, respectively, and that each of said plurality of said elastic connecting members is bonded to either of said pair of support sides and corresponding one of said opposing end faces of said mass

member; and deforming said support frame portion to relatively displace said pair of support sides toward each other to pre-compress said plurality of elastic connecting members. Note the English explanation wherein it states that the projections 5 are held in contact with inner surface of the metallic case 6. This can only be accomplished when the projections 5 are pre-compressed, otherwise they would be free to move about inside of housing 6. Note also that the term "deforming" has been interpreted broadly in that a deformation has occurred in order for housing 6 to assume the shape as illustrated in figure 3.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over JP2824382 (from here on would be referred to as JP382) in view of Suzuki (JP 02057475A).

Re: claims 1 and 2, JP382 shows a dynamic damper, in figures 1-4 as in the present invention, comprising: a mass member 41; a support frame member 45 fixable to a vibrative member 46, and including a substantially rectangular support frame portion partially covering said mass member with a given gap distance therebetween and having a pair of support sides opposed to each other in a first direction with said

mass member disposed therebetween; and a plurality of elastic connecting members 42 disposed in spaces defined between said pair of support sides of said support frame portion and opposing end faces of said mass member, respectively and elastically connecting said mass member with respect to said pair of support sides of said support frame portion. JP 382 lacks the support frame portion surrounding the mass member and the support frame portion is deformed so that said pair of support sides are relatively displaced toward each other to pre-compress said plurality of elastic connecting members. Suzuki teaches the concept of having support frame portion 32 surrounding the mass member 41 and the support frame portion is deformed as shown in figure 7 so that said pair of support sides are relatively displaced toward each other in order to improve safety when the elastic legs are broken due to elastic fatigue. Note that as modified, JP382's damper would comprise the support frame portion surrounding the mass member and the support frame portion is deformed so that said pair of support sides are relatively displaced toward each other in turn pre-compressing said plurality of elastic connecting members. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified JP382's damper with support frame portion surrounding the mass member and the support frame portion is deformed so that said pair of support sides are relatively displaced toward each other in turn pre-compressing said plurality of elastic connecting members as taught by Suzuki in order to improve safety when the elastic legs are broken due to elastic fatigue.

Re: claim 3, JP382 shows the central portion and the end portions of the mass member 41 as claimed.

Re: claim 4, Suzuki shows the deformation as claimed.

Re: claim 5, Suzuki shows that member 32 cooperates with element 18 to surround mass 41.

Re: claim 6, JP382 shows the elastic legs 42 and the steering shaft 46 as claimed.

Re: claims 7 and 8, JP382 shows the legs 42 as claimed.

Re: claim 9, JP382 shows a method of producing a dynamic damper, as in the present invention, comprising the steps of: preparing a mass member 41; preparing a support frame member 45 fixable to a vibrative member 46 and including a substantially rectangular support frame portion having a pair of support sides opposed to each other in a first direction, as shown; disposing said support frame member with respect to said mass member such that said support frame portion partially covers said mass member with a given gap distance therebetween as shown, molding a plurality of elastic connecting members 42 in a vulcanization process such that said plurality of elastic connecting members are disposed in spaces defined between said pair of support sides of said support frame portion and opposing end faces of said mass member, respectively, and that each of said plurality of said elastic connecting members is bonded to either of said pair of support sides and corresponding one of said opposing end faces of said mass member. Suzuki teaches the concept of having support frame portion 32 surrounding the mass member 41 and the support frame portion is deformed

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as shown in figure 7 so that said pair of support sides are relatively displaced toward each other in order to improve safety when the elastic legs are broken due to elastic fatigue. Note that as modified, JP382's damper would comprise the support frame portion surrounding the mass member and the support frame portion is deformed so that said pair of support sides are relatively displaced toward each other in turn pre-compressing said plurality of elastic connecting members. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified JP382's damper with support frame portion surrounding the mass member and the support frame portion is deformed so that said pair of support sides are relatively displaced toward each other in turn pre-compressing said plurality of elastic connecting members as taught by Suzuki in order to improve safety when the elastic legs are broken due to elastic fatigue.

Re: claim 10, Suzuki shows the deformation as claimed.

Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Hamada, JP 02057473A, JP 02057474A, JP 06001247A and JP 08189532A are cited for other dynamic dampers.

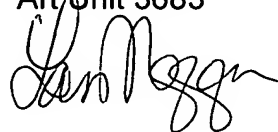
Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lan Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-7121. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 7:30am to 4:00pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James McClellan can be reached on (571) 272-6786. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Lan Nguyen
Primary Examiner
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 8/11/06